

► **Practice 12. Expressing advice.** (Charts 7-7 and 7-8)

Choose the correct completion.

- Danny doesn't feel well. He ____ see a doctor.
a. should b. ought c. had
- Danny doesn't feel well. He ____ better see a doctor.
a. should b. ought c. had
- Danny doesn't feel well. He ____ to see a doctor.
a. should b. ought c. had
- It's very warm in here. We ____ open some windows.
a. should b. ought c. had
- It's really cold in here. We ____ to close some windows.
a. should b. ought c. had
- There's a police car behind us. You ____ better slow down!
a. should b. ought c. had
- People who use public parks ____ clean up after themselves.
a. should b. ought c. had
- I have no money left in my bank account. I ____ better stop charging things on my credit card.
a. should b. ought c. had
- It's going to be a formal dinner and dance. You ____ to change clothes.
a. should b. ought c. had
- This library book is overdue. I ____ better return it today.
a. should b. ought c. had

► **Practice 13. Expressing necessity.** (Chart 7-9)

Read the passage. Complete each sentence with a word from the list.

have has had must

Applying to College

I'm applying to colleges now. I would like to go to Stellar University, but they probably won't accept me. First, students _____₁ to have excellent grades to go there, and my grades are only average. Second, a student _____₂ be in the top 10 percent of the class, and I am not. I am in the top 30 percent. Third, everybody _____₃ to take a difficult examination and do well on it. I am not good at examinations. I _____₄ to take many examinations when I was younger, and I didn't do well on any of them.

On the other hand, I think they will accept me at People's University. First, at this school, a student doesn't _____⁵ to have excellent grades, just good ones. Second, there is no entrance examination. Instead, you just _____⁶ to write a couple of good essays, and I am good at writing. I _____⁷ to write a lot of compositions last year, and I always did well.

You _____⁸ got to be realistic when you choose your university. I think I am very realistic and I expect People's University will be a good fit for me.

► **Practice 14. Necessity: *must, have to, have got to.*** (Chart 7-9)

Choose the correct verb.

1. Last week, John (*had to / must*) interview five people for the new management position.
2. Professor Drake (*had got to / had to*) cancel several lectures when she became ill.
3. Why did you (*have to / had to*) leave work early?
4. I (*must / had to*) take my daughter to the airport yesterday.
5. Where did John (*have to / had to*) go for medical help yesterday?
6. We (*had to / had got to*) contact a lawyer last week about a problem with our neighbors.
7. I (*have got to / had to*) leave now. I (*have to / had to*) pick up my kids. They're waiting at school.
8. You (*had to / must*) have a pencil with an eraser for the exam. Do not bring a pen.

► **Practice 15. Necessity: *must, have to, have got to.*** (Chart 7-9)

Write the past tense of the verbs in *italics*.

1. I *have to study* for my medical school exams.

PAST: I _____ *had to study* _____ for my medical school exams.

2. We *have to turn off* our water because of a leak.

PAST: We _____ our water because of a leak.

3. Do you *have to work* over the holidays?

PAST: _____ you _____ over the holidays?

4. Jerry *has got to see* the dentist twice this week.

PAST: Jerry _____ the dentist twice last month.

5. Who *has got to be* in early for work this week?

PAST: Who _____ in early for work last week?

6. The bank *must close* early today.

PAST: The bank _____ early yesterday.

► **Practice 16. Expressing necessity.** (Chart 7-9)

Check (✓) the sentence that best completes each conversation.

1. A: Ma'am, show me your driver's license, please.
B: Of course, officer. But what did I do? Why did you pull me over?
A: You didn't stop at the red light. You have to stop at red lights.
 You've got to be on time for work.
 You have to fill out this form.
2. A: Son, what happened? You didn't call to say that you were going to be late.
B: I'm sorry. I forgot.
A: You must get better grades.
 You have to clean up your room.
 You've got to be more responsible.
3. A: Nice shoes. But they're big for you!
B: Well, I ordered them from an Internet site, but they sent the wrong ones instead.
A: You must wear better shoes.
 You've got to walk a lot.
 You have to send them back and get the right ones.
4. A: May I help you?
B: Yes. I'm here to apply for the assistant teacher's job.
A: Okay. Everyone has to apply for a job.
 Okay. Everyone must fill out an application. Here it is.
 Okay. Everyone has got to pay attention.
5. A: Ms. Honeywell, Jimmy will be better in a few days.
B: Should he take any medicine, doctor?
A: No. He has got to play football tomorrow.
 No. He has to take this medicine three times a day.
 No. He just has to stay in bed for a couple of days and drink plenty of water.

► **Practice 17. Expressing lack of necessity and prohibition.** (Chart 7-10)

Complete the sentences with *don't have to* or *must/must not*.

1. To fly from one country to another, you must have a plane ticket and a passport.
2. To fly from one city to another in the same country, it's necessary to have a plane ticket, but you _____ have a passport.
3. Billy, you are allergic to bees. There are a lot of bees in the flowers. You _____ play near them.
4. You _____ order fish in this seafood restaurant. You can have chicken or beef if you prefer.
5. Because you are feeling better, you _____ take this medicine.
6. Susie, you _____ take this medicine. It's for adults, not children. It will make you sick.

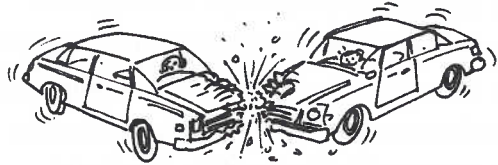
7. If you see a sign that says "No Left Turn," you _____ turn left there.
8. When your phone rings, you _____ answer it. The caller can leave a message.
9. When you are in a theater, you _____ use your cell phone. You have to turn it off.
10. It's warm all the time in Hawaii, so you _____ wear heavy sweaters and jackets there.
11. The wedding is very formal. Everyone has to wear formal clothes. You _____ wear jeans or sandals.

► **Practice 18. Expressing necessity, lack of necessity, and prohibition.**

(Charts 7-9 and 7-10)

Write the phrases in the correct columns.

cook every meal themselves drive without a license eat and drink in order to live <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fall asleep while driving pay taxes	say "sir" or "madam" to others stay in their homes in the evening stop when they see a police car's lights behind them take other people's belongings
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People have to / must ... (necessary)	People must not ... (Don't!)	People don't have to ... (not necessary)
	<i>fall asleep while driving</i>	

► **Practice 19. Logical conclusions.** (Chart 7-11)

Write the letter of the sentence in Column B that correctly describes the sentence in Column A.

Five Cousins at the Dinner Table

Column A

1. Isabel has eaten two potatoes and now she is asking for another one. ____
2. Rose is sitting at the table, but she isn't eating anything. She had a dish of ice cream just before dinner. ____
3. Emilly is telling everyone about her trip to Costa Rica. She is leaving next week. ____
4. Jill just tasted some fish and made a funny face. ____
5. Natalie has fallen asleep at the dinner table! ____

Column B

- a. She must not like it.
- b. She must be very tired.
- c. She must like them.
- d. She must not be hungry.
- e. She must be excited about it.



► **Practice 20. Logical conclusion or necessity.** (Charts 7-9 and 7-11)

Write "1" if *must* expresses a logical conclusion. Write "2" if *must* expresses necessity.

1 = logical conclusion

2 = necessity

1. 2 You *must have* a passport to travel abroad.
2. 1 You *must like* to read. You have such a large library.
3. _____ You *must take off* your shoes before entering this room.
4. _____ The dessert *must be* good. It's almost gone.
5. _____ You *must try* this dessert. It's wonderful.
6. _____ Children *must stay* seated during the flight.
7. _____ You *must pay* in advance if you want a front-row seat for the performance.
8. _____ Ellen *must really like* being at the beach. She goes there every vacation.

► **Practice 21. Tag questions with modal auxiliaries.** (Chart 7-12)

Complete the tag questions with the correct modal auxiliary.

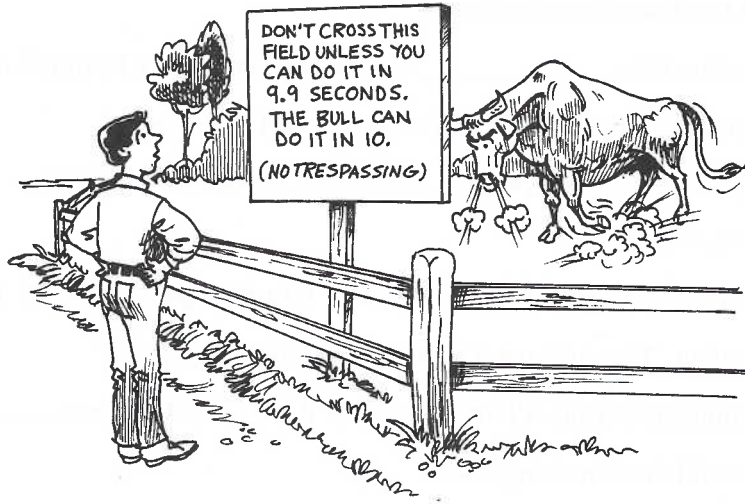
1. You won't tell anyone, _____ you?
2. George can help us, _____ he?
3. Mr. Cheng would like to come with us, _____ he?
4. You would rather stay home, _____ you?
5. Sally can't speak French, _____ she?
6. You don't have to work next weekend, _____ you?
7. Teachers shouldn't give too much homework, _____ they?
8. I'll see you tomorrow, _____ I?
9. You couldn't hear me, _____ you?
10. We should cross the street here, _____ we?

11. Ms. Scott has to take a driving course, _____ she?
12. If Grandma is expecting us at 6:00, we should leave here at 4:00, _____ we?

► **Practice 22. Giving instructions: imperative sentences.** (Chart 7-13)

Pretend that someone says the following sentences to you. Which verbs give instructions? Underline the imperative verbs.

1. I'll be right back. Wait here.
2. Don't wait for Rebecca. She's not going to come.
3. Read pages 39 to 55 before class tomorrow.
4. What are you doing? Don't put those magazines in the trash. I haven't read them yet.
5. Come in and have a seat. I'll be right with you.



► **Practice 23. Polite questions and imperatives.** (Charts 7-5, 7-6, and 7-13)

Number the sentences in each group in order of politeness. "1" is the *most polite*.

1. 1 Could you open the door?
 3 Open the door.
 2 Can you open the door?

2. Get the phone, please.
 Would you please get the phone?
 Get the phone.
 Can you get the phone?

3. Hand me the calculator.
 Will you hand me the calculator, please?
 Would you hand me the calculator, please?
 Please hand me the calculator.